

Key Ethanol & DGS Issues, Short-term and longer-term AAEA Extension Crops Outlook Session July 25, 2011

Dr. Robert Wisner, University Professor Emeritus,
Iowa State University

Dr. Daniel O'Brien, Extension Agricultural Economist,
Kansas State University

1

Key Ethanol & DDGS Issues

- Loss of Blenders' Tax Credit & Import Tax
--Will mandates prevent reduced production?
-- Will imports surge?
- **The Blend Wall: Are we there yet?**
- DDGS: how many bu. corn & SBM equiv.?
- Bu. needed for ethanol in 2011-12 & 2012-13?
- Corn: acres needed for ethanol in 2011-12 & 2012-13?
- Future trend in needed acres for biofuels

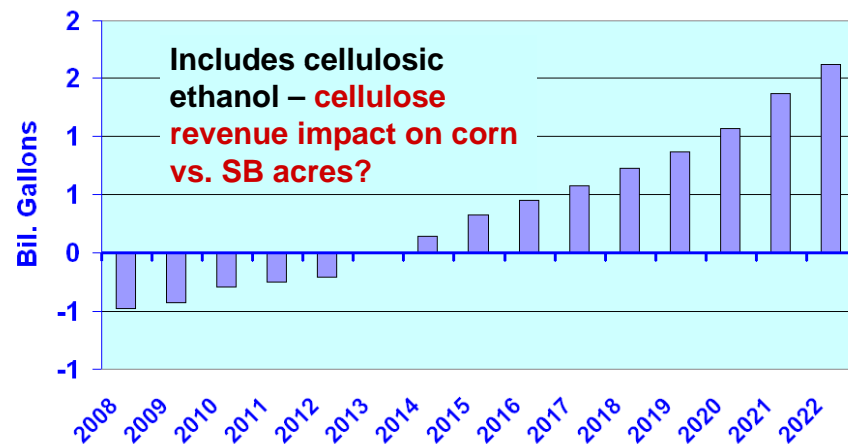
2

California Variable credit

- Goes to producer, not blender
 - Based on crush spread
 - If nearby CBOT corn/LA ethanol price <\$0.55, plant receives subsidy
 - Subsidy: difference between \$.55/gal & avg. monthly crush margin, up to \$.25/gal.
 - If monthly crush margin >\$1.00/gal., producer pays back amount crush margin >\$1.00
 - Cap of \$3 mil./plant
- Requires either decrease corn use by 20% or reduce carbon footprint

3

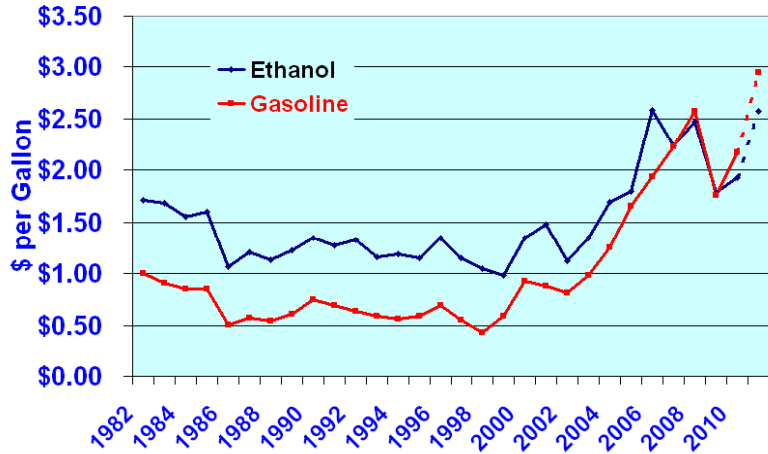
The Blending Wall: Ethanol Mandates in Billion Gallons Beyond the E-10 Market
(with 138 bil. Gal U.S. gasoline use/yr.)



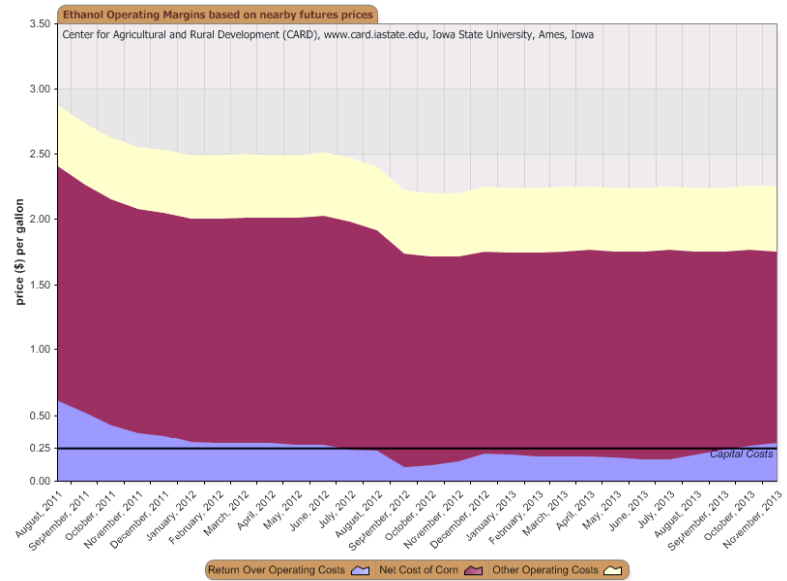
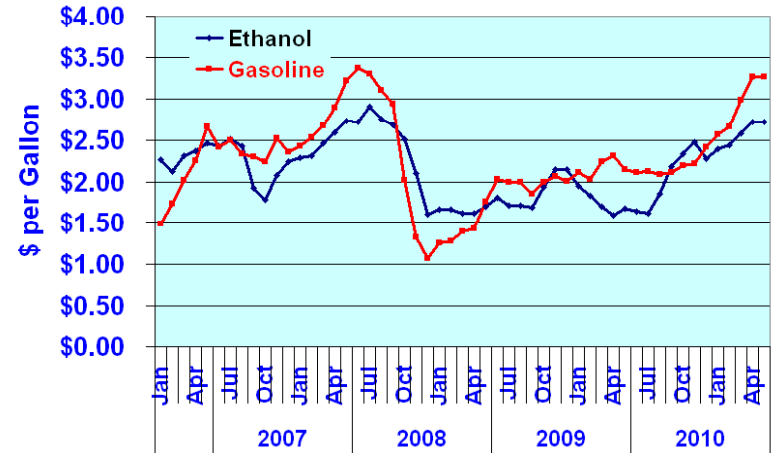
2010-11 Corn Starch Ethanol Production: 5.0 bil. bu. = 13.9 bil. gal.
Ethanol Exports: 0.4 bil. gal. ?

4

Ethanol & Unleaded Gasoline Annual Average Rack prices, Omana, Nebraska



Monthly Ethanol & Unleaded Gasoline Annual Average Rack prices, Omana, Nebraska



Source: CARD, ISU

Ethanol Mkt. Year Production vs. Govt. Mandates (Bil. Gal. & Mil. Bu.)

	<u>EPA Mand't</u>	<u>Corn Bu. Equiv.</u>	<u>Corn Bu. For eth.</u>	<u>Excess vs. Mand't</u>
2008-09	10.0	3,597	3,677	80
2009-10	11.5	4,137	4,568	431
2010-11	12.4	4,460	5,050	540
2011-12	13.0	4,676	5,150?	374
2012-13	13.6	4,892	5,180?	288
2013-14	14.2	5,108	5,300?	192
2014-15	14.8	5,324	5,350?	26
2015-16	15.0	5,396	5,400?	4

Marketing year data

Implications of losing blenders' credit & import tax

- Corn volume for ethanol may be reduced
- Reduction depends on rack ethanol vs. gas prices
- May be modest in short term, with current wide ethanol-gasoline price spread
- Implications for cellulosic ethanol & its investors are serious
- Short-term, don't look for big ethanol imports. Longer-term, imports could meet a substantial part of advanced biofuels mandates & compete with corn starch ethanol

9

Emerging Biofuels Policy Issues, Cont.

- Concerns of industries relying on ag-based biofuels feedstocks
 - Food manufacturers
 - Livestock & poultry industries: what happens in a short-crop year, with mandates?
 - Foreign buyers, with advantage of weak \$

10

Another reason grain users are concerned about ethanol

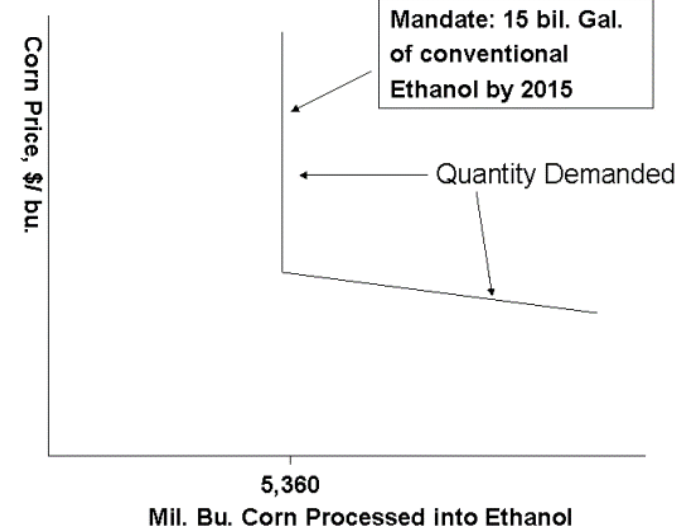
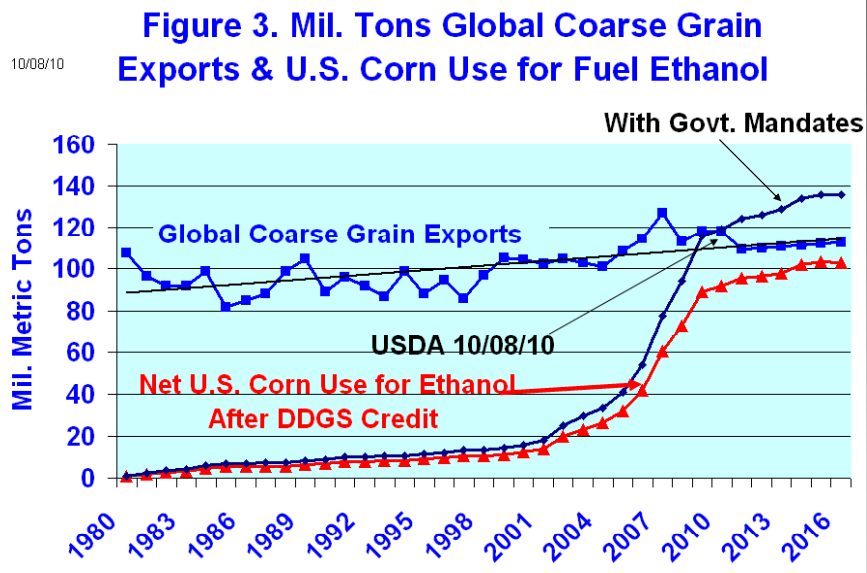


Figure 3. Demand for Corn for Ethanol with Mandates

12

Short Crops & Ethanol

- Need for pre-determined rules on how to adjust & how ethanol & livestock might share the adjustment
- Potential economic impacts: large
- Current system: decisions by Energy & Ag Secretaries – probably as or after crisis has emerged

13

Wisner 2011-12 Corn for Ethanol projections

<u>Corn Yield, Bu./A.</u>	<u>Corn for Ethanol</u> m. bu.	<u>DGS</u> m. bu. crn. equiv.
• 148.8	• 4,825	1,100
• 153	• 4,950	1,115
• 159	• 5,050	1,150

Assumes blenders' tax credit & import tax will not be renewed

Comparisons:

<u>2010-11</u>	<u>2010-11</u>	
• 152.8	• 5,000	1,145
<u>2009-10</u>	<u>2009-10</u>	
• 164.7	• 4,568	1,045

DGS has rounded numbers

14

Corn Acres Needed for Ethanol

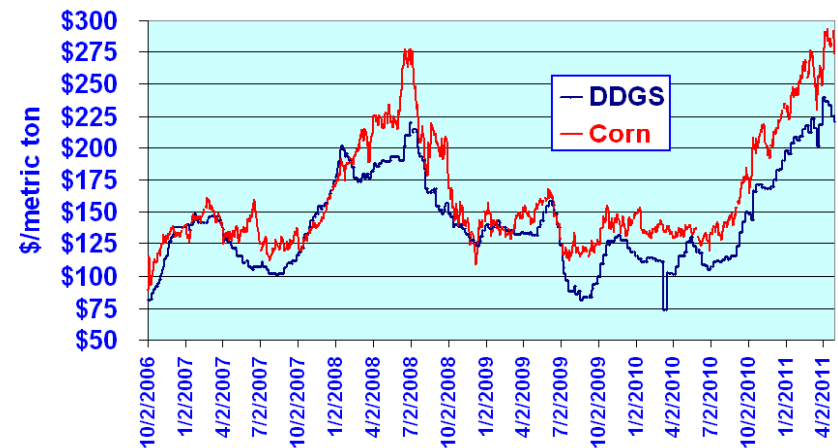
	<u>Gross Mil. A.</u>	<u>Net Mil. A.</u>
2009	27.7	2009 17.0
2010	32.7	2010 21.8
2011	31.3	2011 22.7**
2012	31.7	2012 23.4**

* After DGS corn & SBM + corn oil credits

** With trend yields

15

Daily Western Iowa corn and DDGS prices



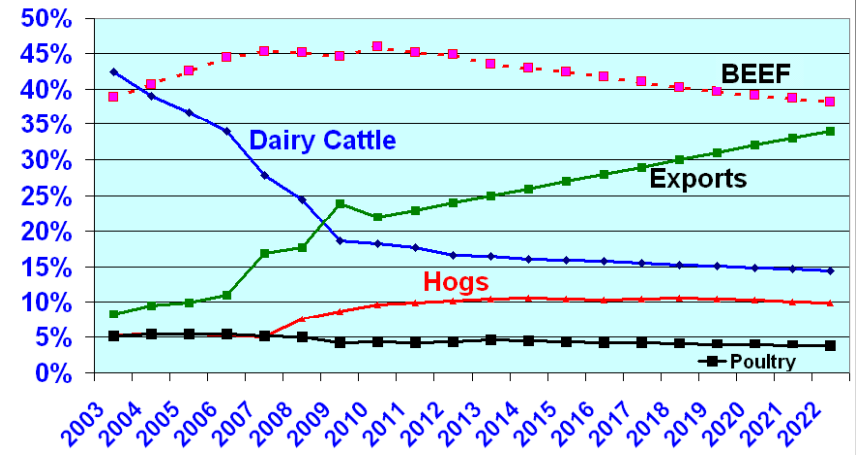
16

DGS/Corn Replacement Ratios

	Beef	Dairy	Hogs	Poultry
Avg.	1.10	0.59	0.80	0.55

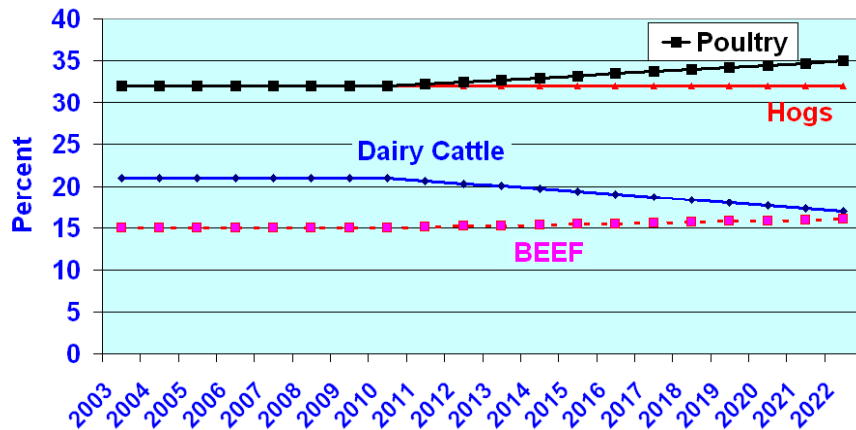
17

Assumed & Projected Trend in DGS Market Shares by Species



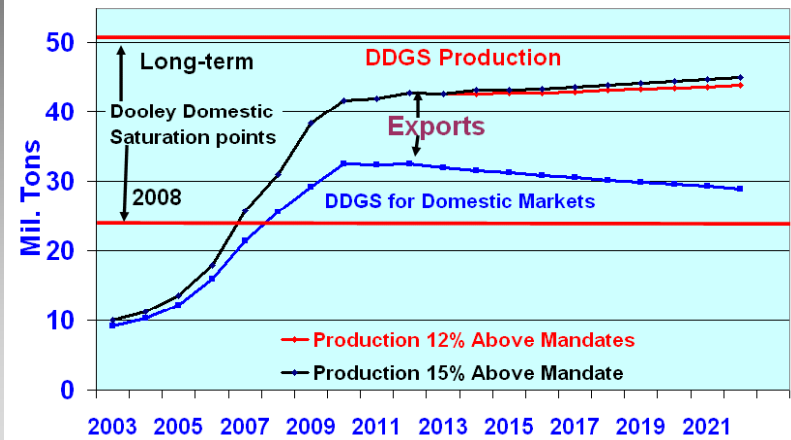
18

Assumed Percentage DDG Export Market Shares by Species



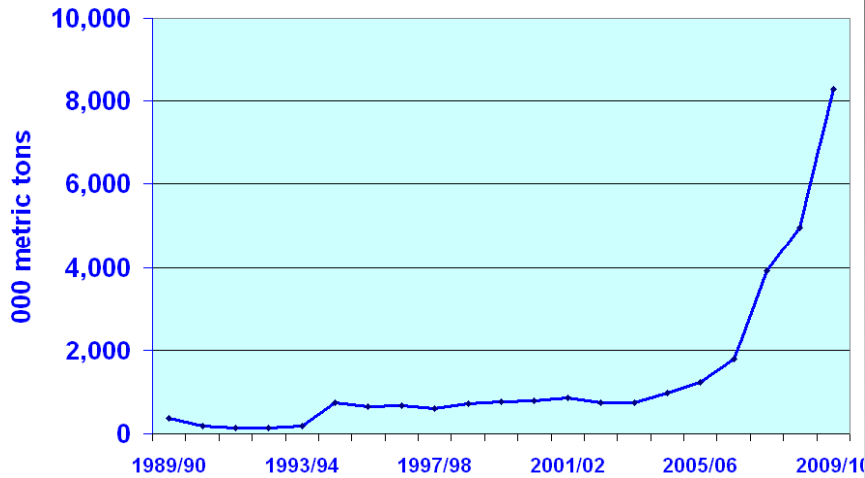
19

Projected U.S. Domestic DGS Use & Production, With Ethanol 12% & 15% Above Mandates in 2022

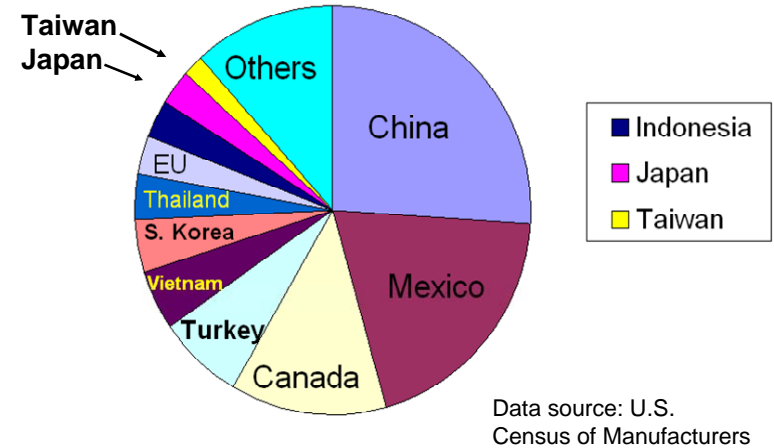


20

U.S. Distillers & Brewers Grain Exports



U.S. Distillers grain exports by destination, 2009-10



Data source: U.S. Census of Manufacturers

E-15 blends

E-15 for 2001 & newer vehicles = about 40% of vehicles

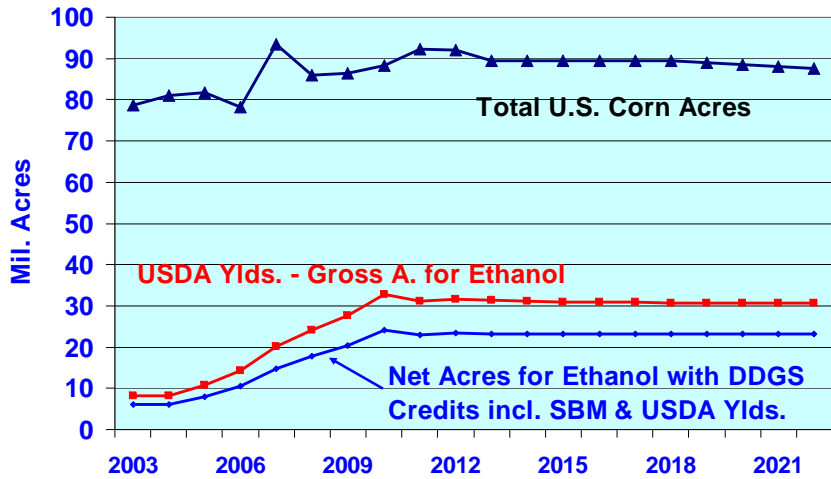
- Divided market creates infrastructure issues
 - Retailer concerns: investment, space, liability issues
 - Modified rules may simplify application of blender pumps
 - Concerns of off-road users: how to get non-ethanol gas
 - Concerns of auto manufacturers: emissions equipment
 - **The future? Conversion to butanol, other drop-in fuels, pipeline transport?**
- E-85: lack of retail outlets & lack of competitiveness
- Solution to blend wall a key for cellulosic ethanol **including that from corn stover**

Bottom line: look for slow increase in ethanol demand instead of immediate jump

Est. DGS Equivalent in Mil. Short tons SBM, 2010-11

- Domestic SBM 4.78
- SBM exports 1.60

Estimated & Projected Total Corn Acres & Acres needed or Corn Starch Ethanol to 2022



25

Conclusions for 2011-12 Corn Outlook

- Blend Wall & lost blenders tax credit may stabilize or possibly reduce corn processing for ethanol. 2011-12 Likely range: 4.8 to 5.05 bil. bu., depending on 2011 corn crop size
- Large ethanol imports look questionable for 2011-12, but depend on size of world sugar crop
- For longer term, ethanol imports may be more significant if import tax eliminated
- *Future of corn stover ethanol at risk with blend wall & removal of import tax*
- *If blend wall is removed & cellulose subsidies continue, impact of \$50-\$60/A. stover revenue on corn vs. soybean acres?*

26

Wisner Contact Information

- wisner@iastate.edu

27